

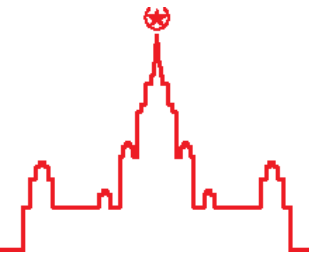
The dispersive element based on porous silicon photonic crystal for ultra-compact optical spectrometers

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Theory: Goos-Hänchen effect



The wave reflected by total internal reflection has transversal shift called Goos-Hänchen effect.

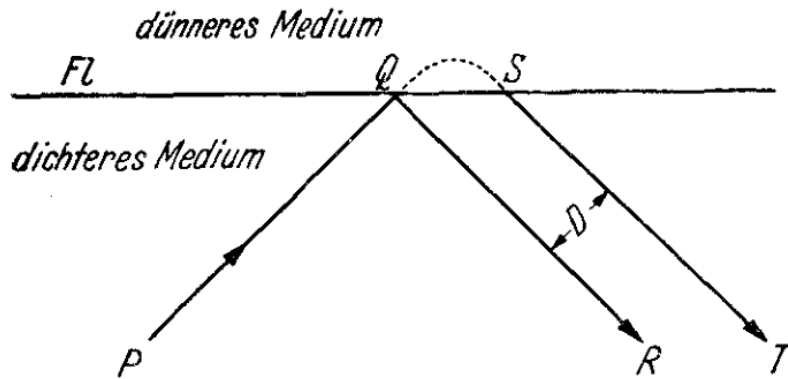
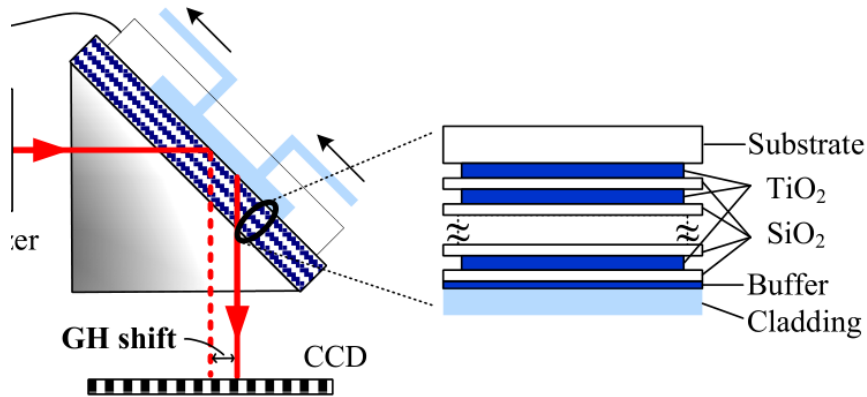


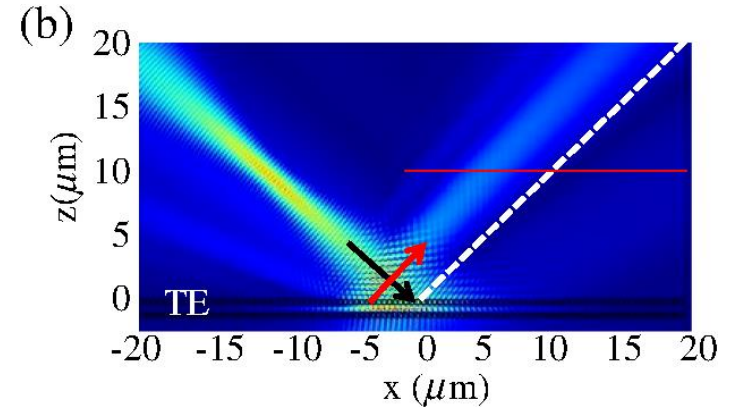
Abb. 1. Prinzip des Strahlenverlaufes
Dielectrics

Ann. Phys. **436**, 7-8, 333 (1947)



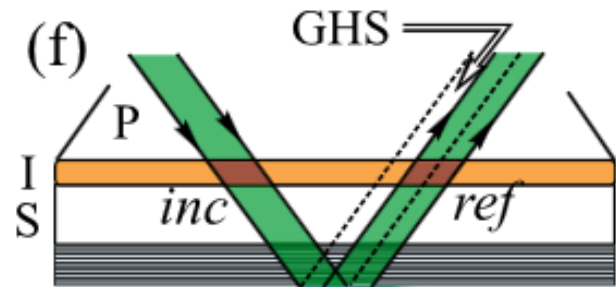
Bloch surface waves

Opt. Exp. **20**, 8, 8998 (2012)



Metamaterials

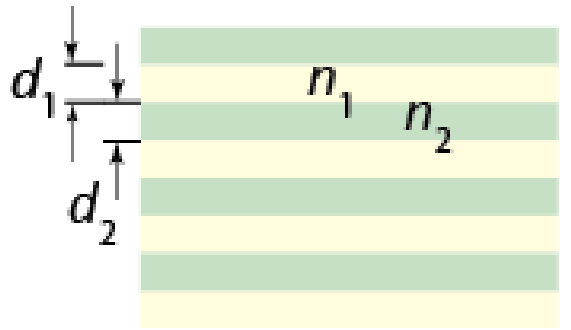
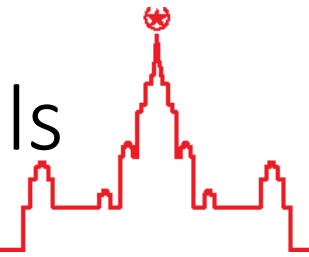
J. Nanophoton. **8**(1), 084093 (2014)



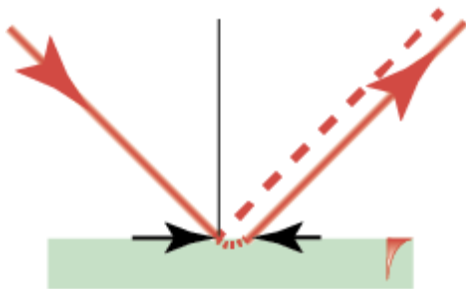
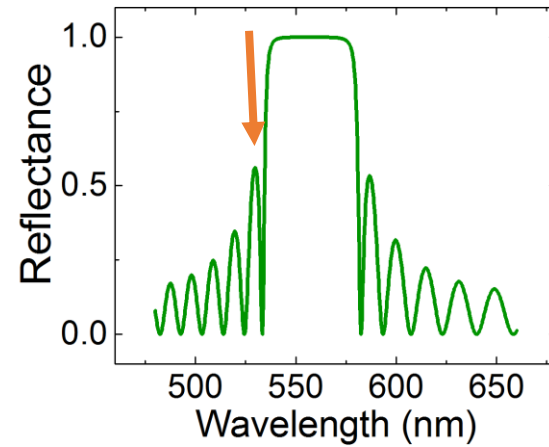
Photonic crystals

Phys. Rev. Lett. **108**, 123901 (2012)

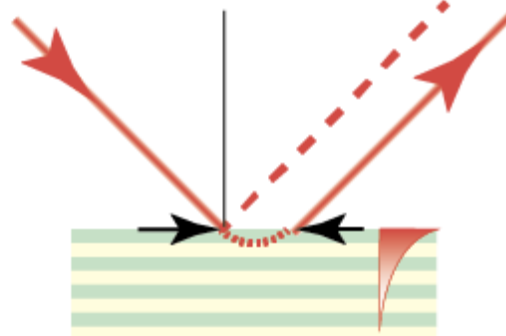
G-H enhancement in photonic crystals



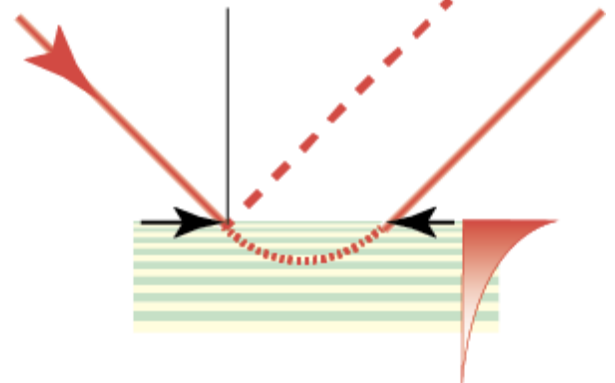
1D photonic crystal (PhC)



Dielectric slab

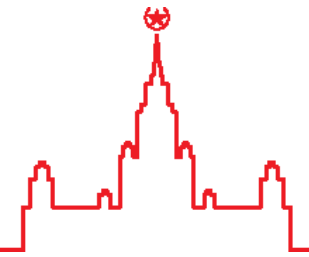


Photonic crystal

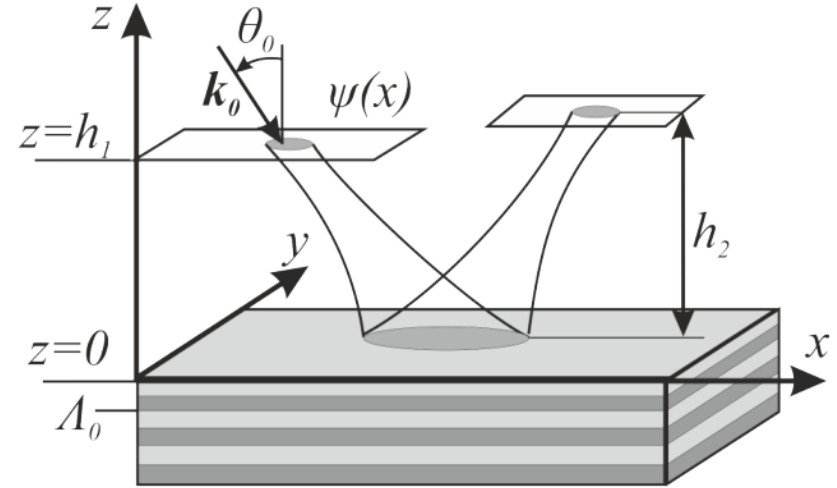
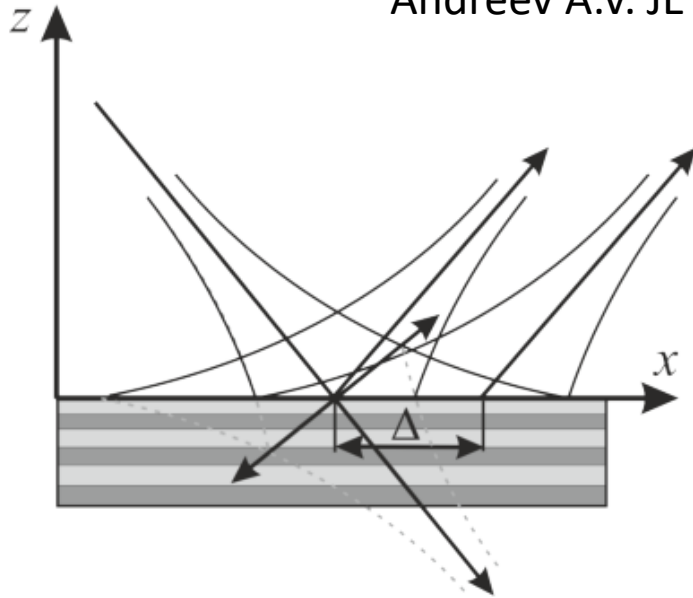


Modulated
Photonic crystal

Reflection of the Gaussian beam

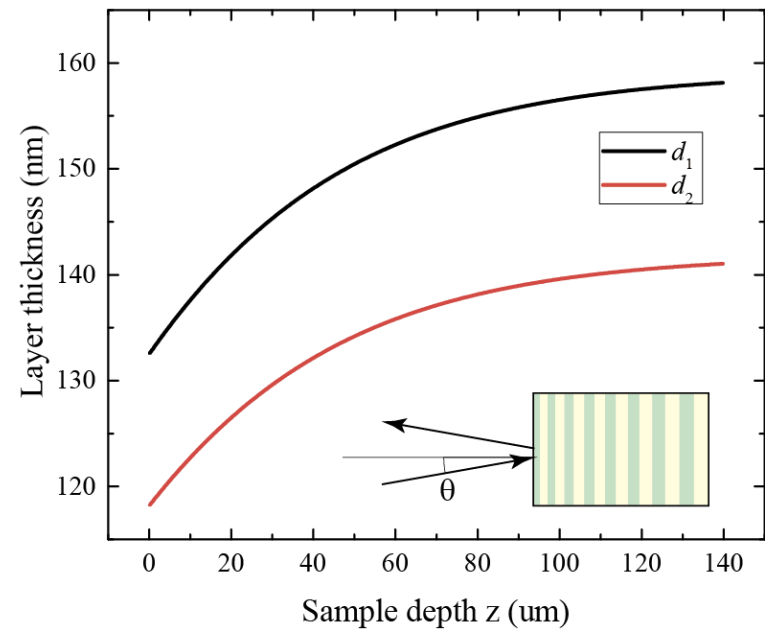


Andreev A.V. JETP Lett. **74**, 1, 8-11 (2001).

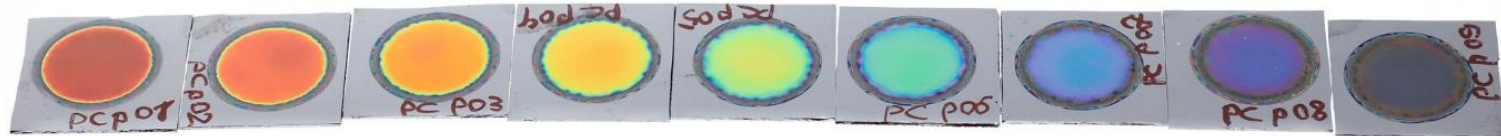
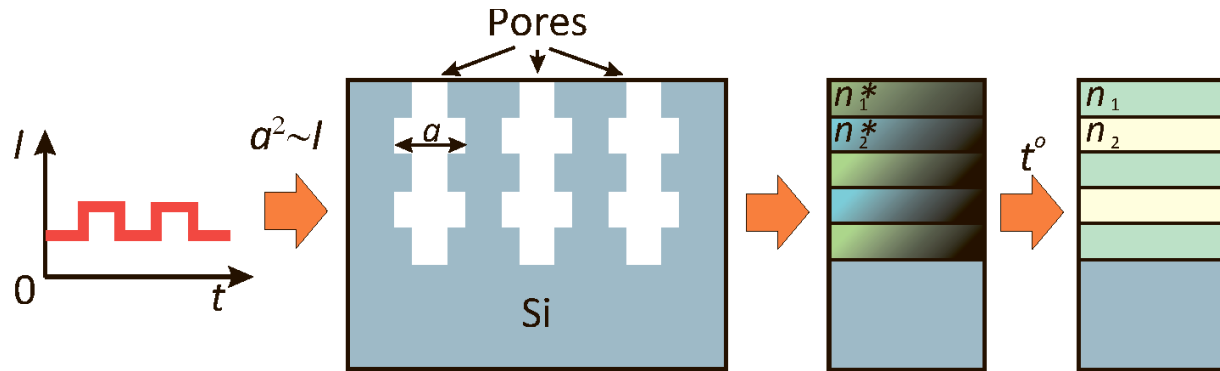
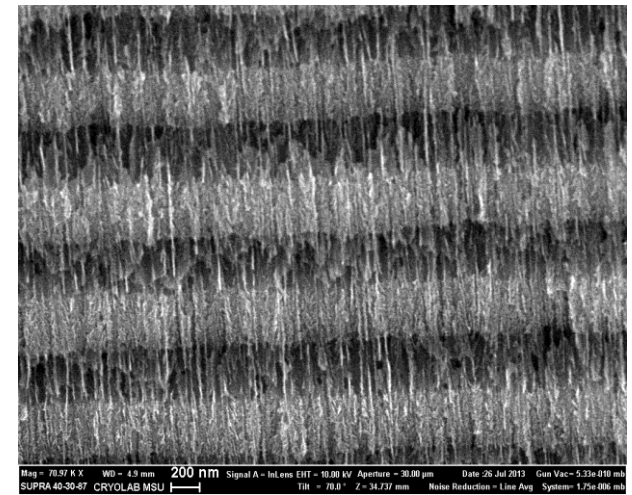
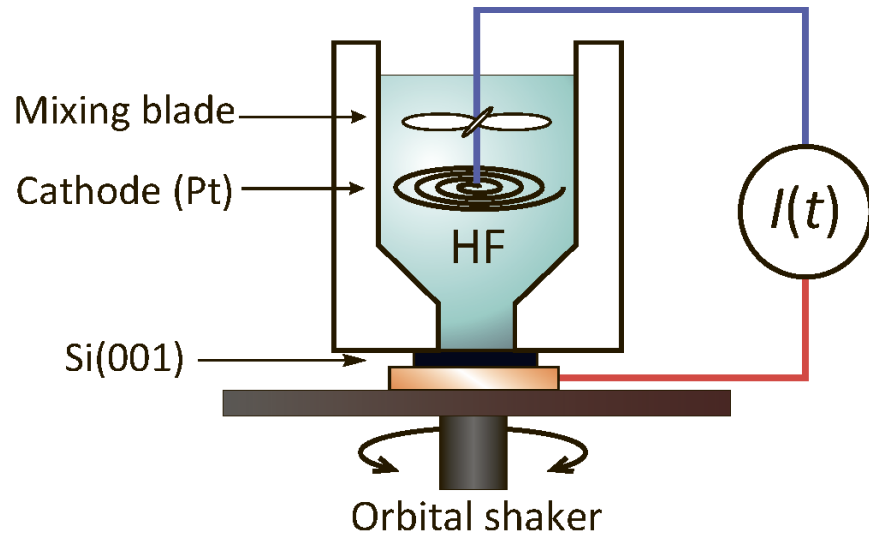
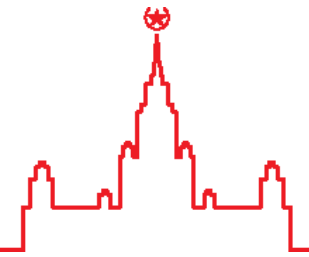


$$\frac{1}{\Lambda(z)} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \left(1 + \frac{u_0}{z_0} e^{-z/z_0} \right)$$

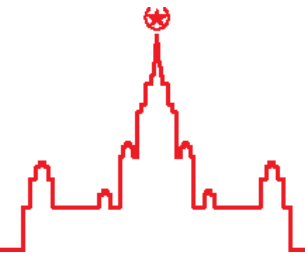
The modulated photonic crystal has giant Goos-Hanchen effect



Production of the samples



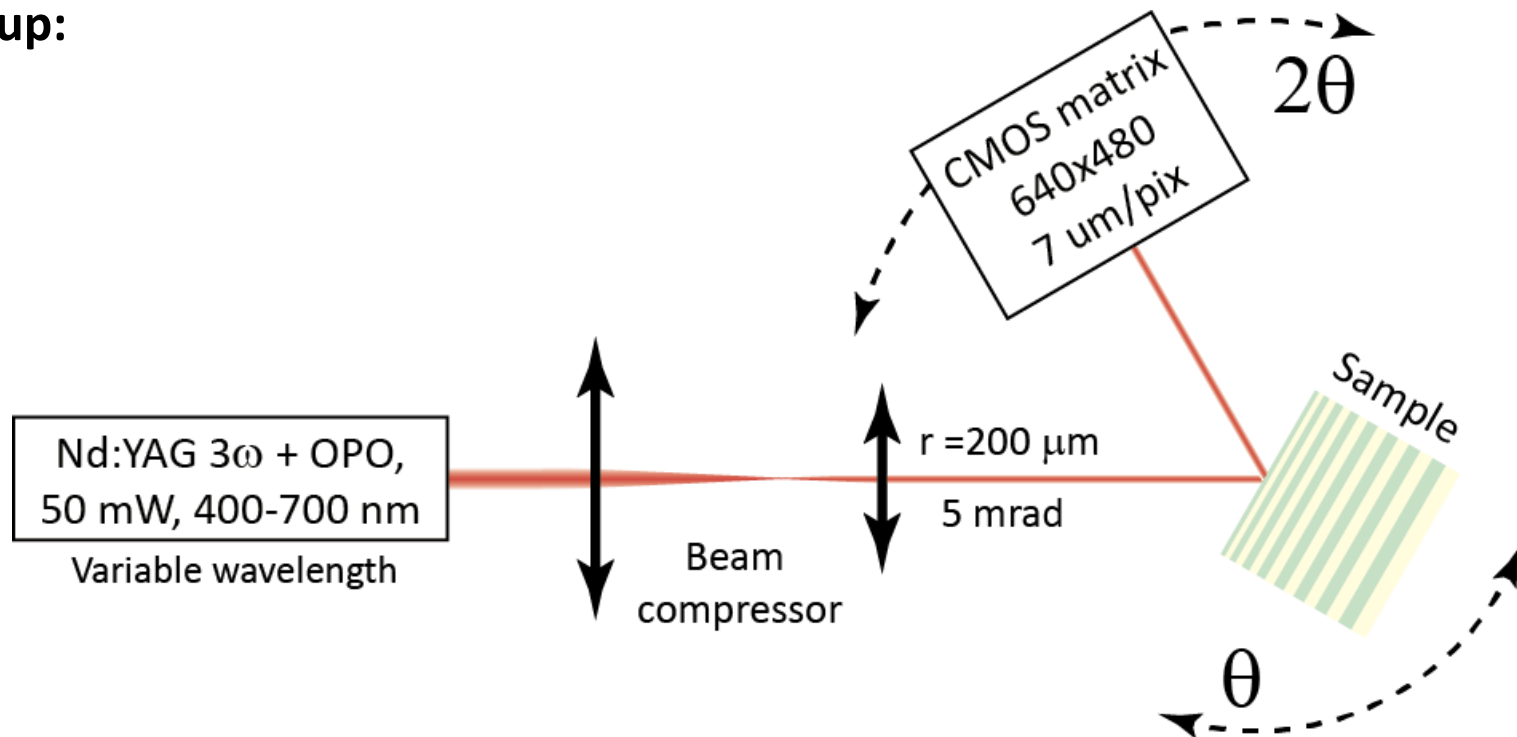
Experiment: Goos-Hänchen shift



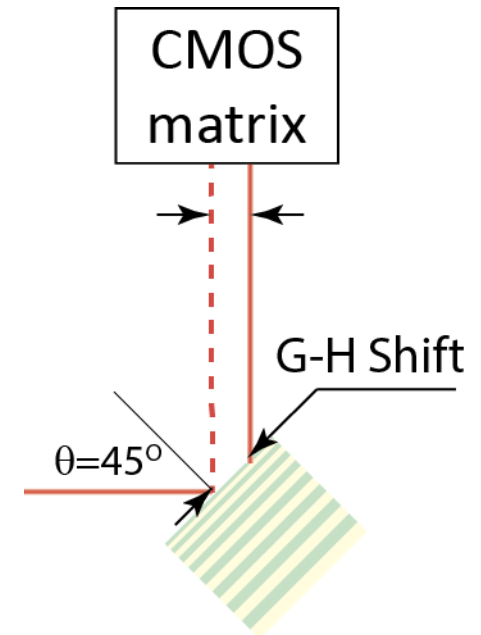
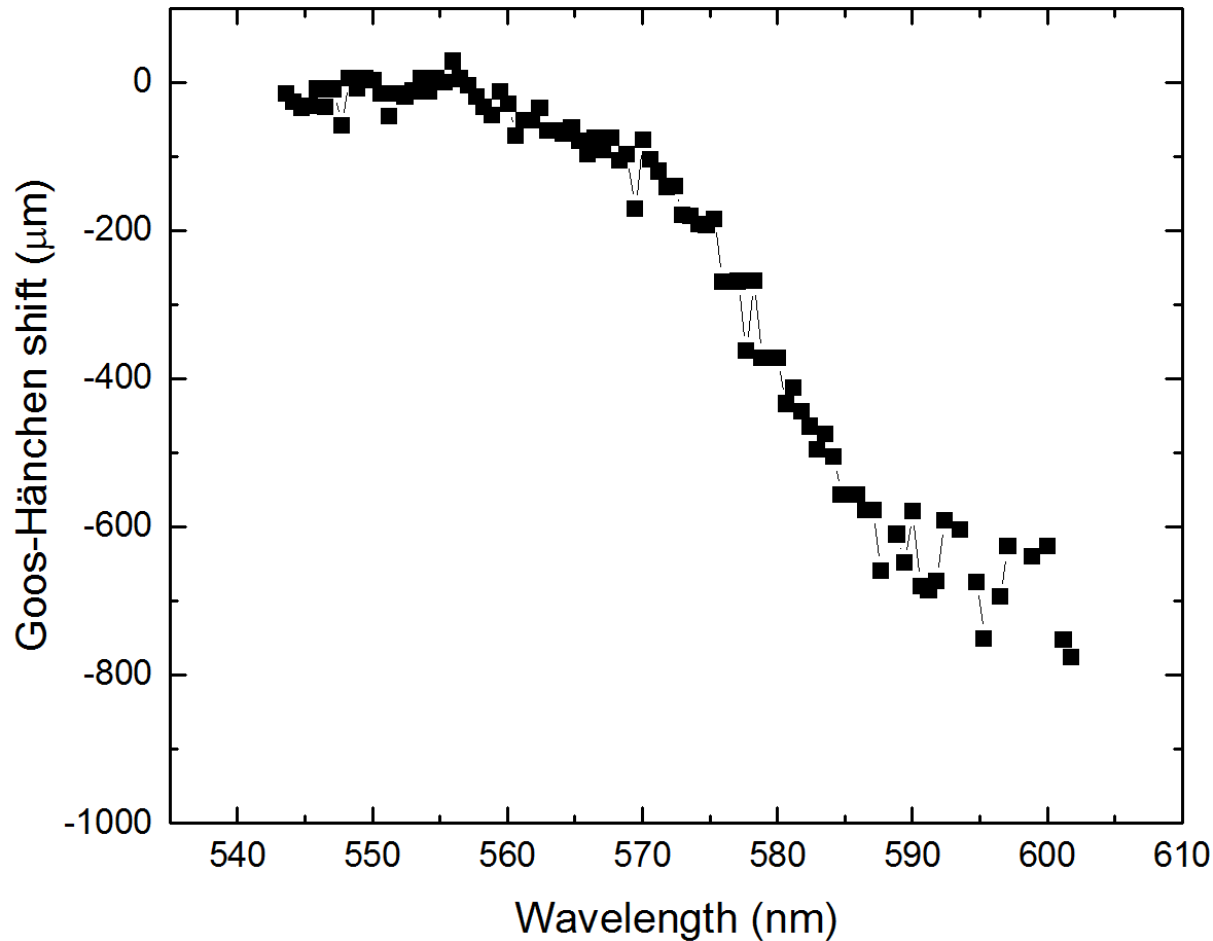
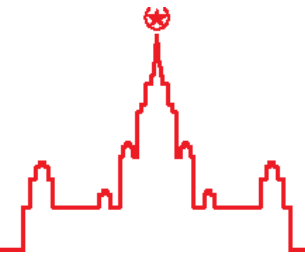
Samples:

1. Silicon plate (reference)
2. Modulated PhC (1100 layers, $z_0=40\ \mu\text{m}$, $u_0=8\ \mu\text{m}$, $\Lambda=210\ \text{nm}$)

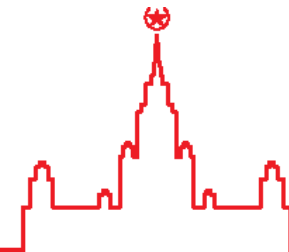
Setup:



Experiment: Goos-Hänchen shift

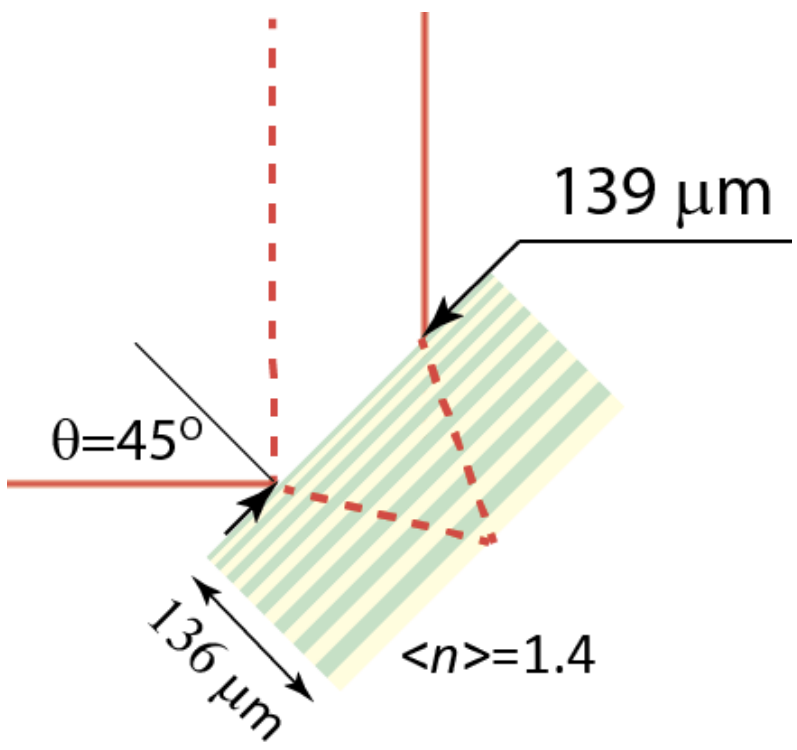


Spatial shift of the beam center depending on the wavelength



Goos-Hänchen shift

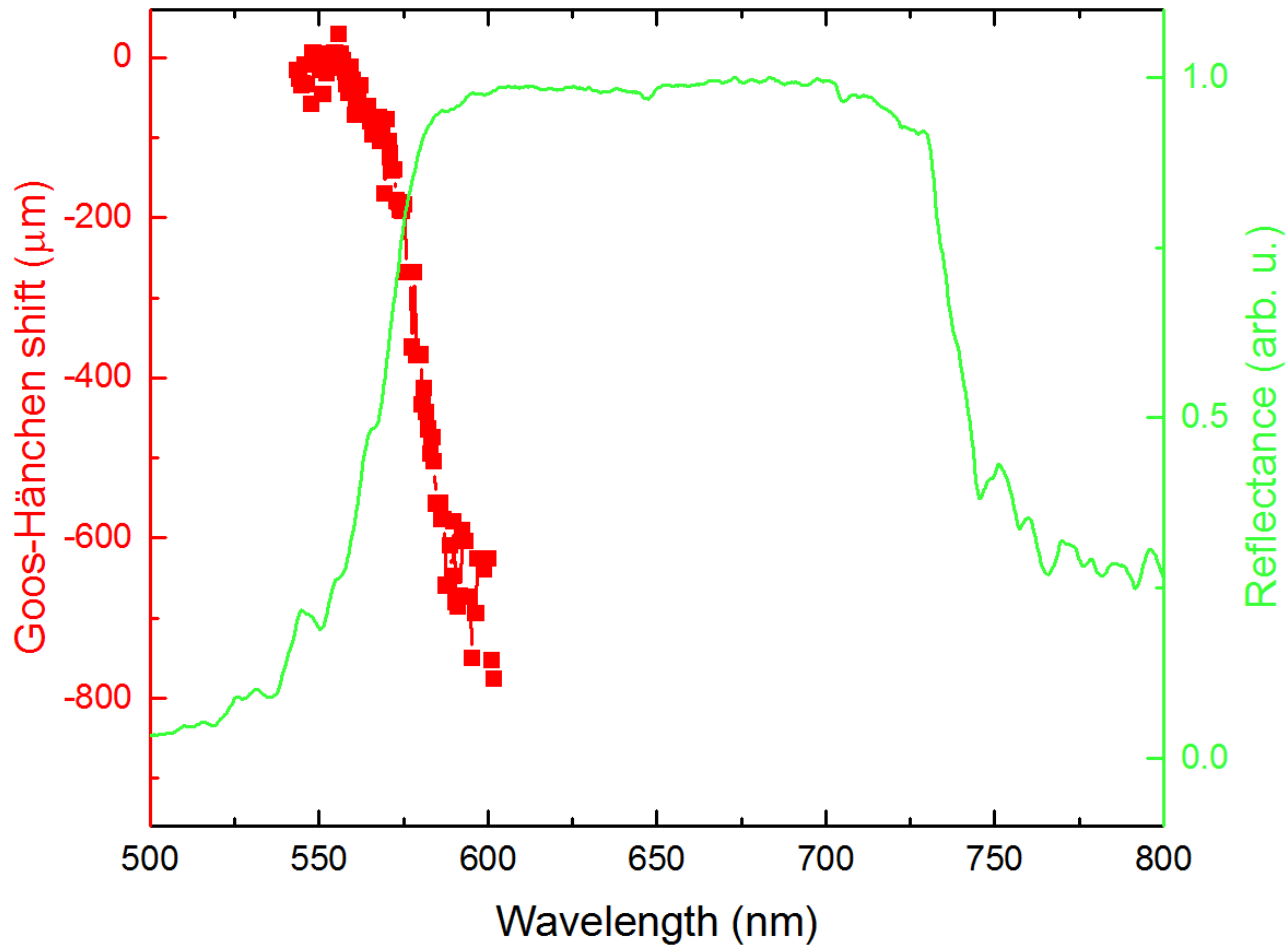
Simple geometric interpretation



Expected shift is much lower than measured

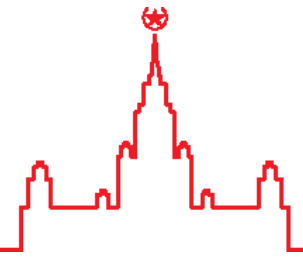
Simple geometric interpretation does not work.

Experiment: Goos-Hänchen shift

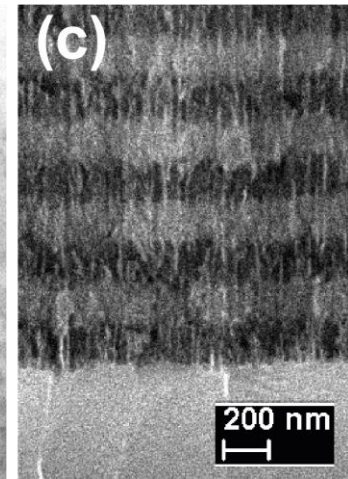
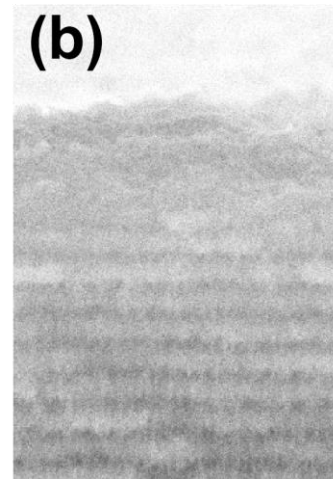
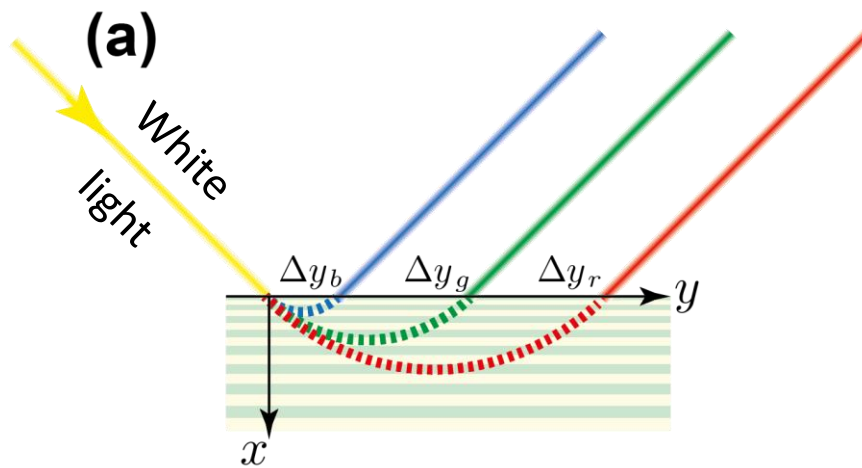


Goos-Hänchen shift sufficiently depends on the wavelength of light

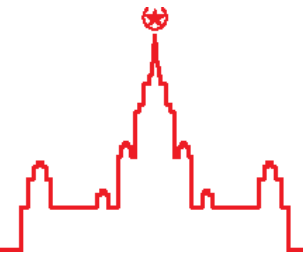
Proposal of the spectrometer



The giant Goos-Hänchen shift enormously depends on the wavelength of light. Therefore it can be used for spatial separation of different wavelengths.



Fiber coupling

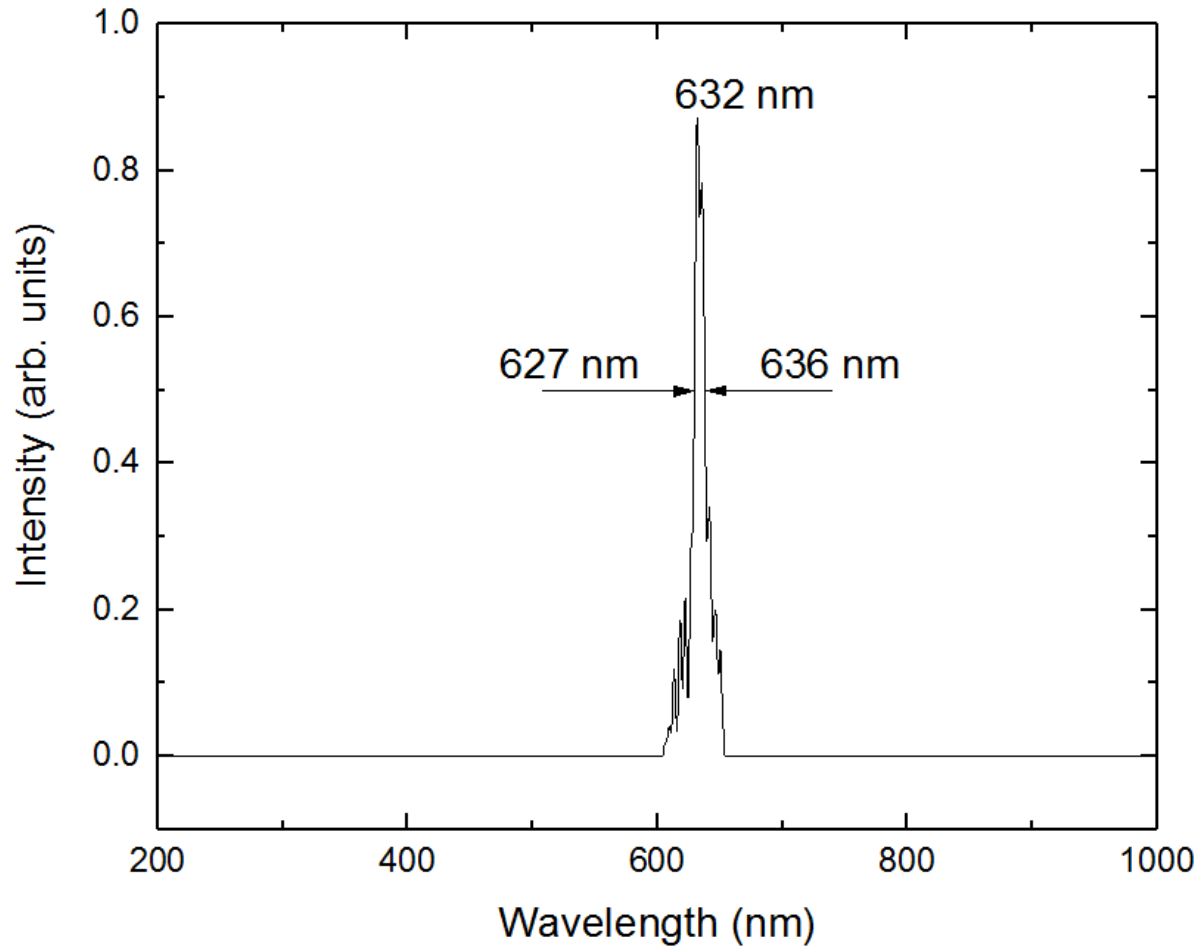
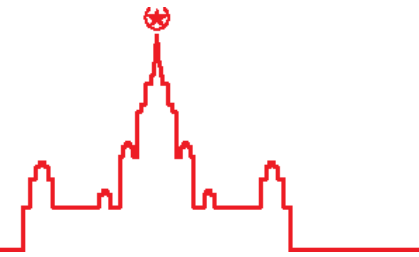


The dispersive element is radiated by light from the optical fiber (9 μm core, 125 μm cladding)

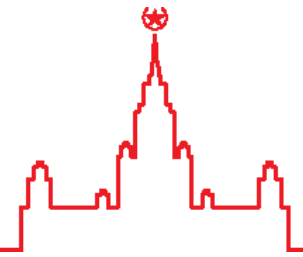
The reflected light is decomposed into spectrum.



Spectrum of He-Ne laser



The spectrum of helium-neon laser measured by the prototype spectrometer.



Conclusions

- The new type of the dispersive element for spectrometers is proposed, the prototype spectrometer has been built.
- The size of the photonic structure used in experiment is $2 \times 2 \times 0.5$ mm, can be smaller.
- The prototype spectrometer has a resolution of 9 nm, its spectral range is limited by the sensitivity of the detector, the spectrometer does not require filtration of higher diffraction orders.